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Funeral Director.
 Graduate of
 Clarke's School of Embalming.

Preparation of bodies for transportation a specialty.
 A complete stock of
 UNDERTAKER'S SUPPLIES
 Always on hand.

Telephone from undertaking parlors to Coroner's, telegraph offices and residences. Orders by telegraph promptly attended to.

OFFICE OF COUNTY CORONER

Fees are Reasonable and First-Class Work Guaranteed.
 No 11 Virginia St., RENO, Nevada.

Horseshoeing and Blacksmithing.

[McKinney's Shop]
 Sierra Street, north of Washoe Brewery.

HORSESHOEING AND

GENERAL BLACKSMITHING.

Horses Shod all Around for \$1.50.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

Give me a call and satisfy yourself that my work is first-class.
 WILLIAM GRANTZAN, Prop.

CARNELIAN

HOT SPRINGS HOTEL.

LAKE TAHOE.

Is Now Open for the Season of 1894

ONLY HOT WATER BATHS

On Lake Tahoe

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS.

TERMS REASONABLE.

GEO. B. BRUCE, Proprietor.
 LAKE TAHOE, June 15, 1894

PALACE RESTAURANT,

IN PALACE HOTEL, RENO, NEV.

J. GODFREY Proprietor.

Meals at All Hours, Day or Night.

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.

The public can rest assured that the Palace Restaurant will be maintained in a first-class manner.

PALACE BAKERY.

Virginia Street, Opposite Bank of Nevada.

SCHOFIELD & KENDALL, Props.

Fresh Bread, Pies and Cakes Daily.

Cakes of Every Description,
 Nuts and Confections.

Fresh Candy, out own Make,
 Ice Cream Parlors,
 Soda Fountain,
 Fresh Fruits and Berries.

WEDDING CAKES A SPECIALTY.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

THE UNION SALOON,

S. ARMANKO Proprietor

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Cor. Virginia and Second Sts.

J. M. McCORMACK'S

Marble and Granite Works.

RENO, NEVADA.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated WROUGHT IRON FENCE. Designs and Prices Sent upon Application.

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OIL! OIL! OIL!

R. JONES & CO. are now agents for the celebrated

Paragon Oil Cans.

From this date they will carry a large stock of burning fluids. Also

Choice Family Groceries, Fruits, Etc

mailed R. JONES & CO.

T. K. HYMERS,

TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Sierra Street, Reno, Nevada.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

TO LET—
 And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or month at Terms to Suit the Times.

I have also a large hay yard with good stables. Also crails well watered for loose stock. HEARSH TO LET.

ARTISTIC LIGHTING.

GO TO—

C. E. SKINNER,

Corner First and Virginia Sts., for the best of everything in the way of portraits.

SMALL PICTURES ENLARGED

Without sending away and likeness adhered to. Nothing but first class work allowed to leave the gallery.

Developing and finishing done for amateurs.

ARTISTIC POSING.

GO TO—

E. C. SESSIONS & CO.,

Virginia Street, Three Doors South First National Bank.

DEALERS IN

Fine and All Grades of Furniture

—AND—

UPHOLSTERED GOODS,

Curtain Poles,
 Window Shades, Etc.

Repairing and Upholstering in All Branches.

mailed

PALACE BAKERY

East side Virginia Street.

Fresh, Wholesome Cakes, Pies and Bread Constantly on Hand.

ICE CREAM SODA AND ICE CREAM

at All Hours.

Fresh Candy, Nuts,

Wedding Cakes a Specialty.
 Toys and Fancy Articles.

Goods delivered free to any part of the city.
 JOHN PETERSON, Proprietor.

R. C. LEEPER,

Sierra St., next to Luke's Blacksmith Shop.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips,

OHAPARRERAS, COLLARS.

Buggy Robes, Saddlery Ware, Etc.

Repairing promptly attended to.

S. O. WELLS.

Corner Plaza and Virginia streets.

Groceries, Hardware,

Flour, Hay and Grain,
 Tinware, Crockery, Glassware,

Agricultural Implements, wagons
 Mowers, Reapers,
 Mining Supplies.

General Merchandise,
 Liquors and Tobacco.

Call and Get Prices on our Goods.

RENO LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

Opposite Railroad Depot, Reno,

J. A. POTHOFF, Proprietor

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

TO LET.

Best Turnouts Constantly on Hand.

Horses boarded by the day, week or month

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Religious Foot Washing in Paris.

The church, being fond of striking contrasts, put forth all her pomp while the archbishop was going through the humilia-

tion of the ceremonial. Strictly speaking, there is no foot washing. The 13 indigent old men had their feet washed before they came to the cathedral.

When seated there in a row, stock-

ingless, but with shippers resembling those worn by sealers at Trouville, the archbishop approaches them, attend-

ed by his vicars general. One of these ecclesiastics, by a golden ewe, with a narrow neck, in which is scented water, and the other a basin and napkins of fine damask linen. A footstool is before

each old man. The basin is set on it by the archbishop. This done, the person whose feet are to be washed withdraws them from the canvass shippers and holds them over the basin. His grace then

pours a few drops of water over each foot. This done, a towel is handed to him, and he wrings the water away.

As there are 13 persons to be attended to, this office, which is taken to sym-

bolize Christian charity and humility, is repeated as many times. A grand procession, followed by an anthem, ends the service. Paris Correspondent London News.

As Is a Star in Western.

"Miss Phinny" is very gloomy," said one member of the opera company to another.

"Why?"

"You see, she's really fond of her husband and hates to be divorced from him, but she feels that her art demands it."—Washington Star

"But Antonio cannot possibly have said any such thing!"

"I assure you he expressed himself precisely in those terms."

"And I repeat that it is out of the question (getting excited). Were you present when he said it?"

"No, but"

"Very well, then; I was present when he didn't."—Motto da Ridere

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

RENO, NEV., June 30, 1894

To the Hon. Board of County Commissioners, for Washoe County, Nevada:

I herewith submit my report as County Treasurer of said county for the quarter ending June 30, 1894, as follows:

Balance on hand March 31, 1894 \$51,981 89

RECEIPTS

Received during month of April 1894 \$1,908 78

" May " 2,721 78

" June " 2,608 31

Total receipts for quarter \$7,238 87

Total \$59,220 76

DISBURSEMENTS

Disbursements for month of April 1894 \$ 6,752 24

" May 1894 7,050 31

" June 1894 8,302 08

Total disbursements for quarter \$22,104 63

Balance on hand June 30, 1894 \$37,116 13

The following funds, viz:

State \$35 25

Officers' Salary 1,584 00

General 8,400 00

Contingent 24 65

Road 228 83

Reno School 700 00

Reno Incorporation 1,284 85

Heno Park 12 50

University Road 12 50

Wadsworth Fire bonds 125 00

General school fund 17 08

School District No. 1, Franktown 17 08

do do do 3, Washoe 147 06

do do do 5, Mill Station 13 75

do do do 6, Glendale 428 86

do do do 7, Verdi 301 79

do do do 8, Hawthorne 122 32

do do do 9, Reno 8,240 14

do do do 10, Washoe 121 41

do do do 11, Brownsville 154 10

do do do 12, North Truckee 443 51

do do do 13, French Springs 200 07

do do do 14, Winnemucca 22 84

do do do 15, Pyramid 107 75

do do do 16, Spanish Springs 184 43

do do do 17, Anderson 142 02

do do do 18, Red Rock 15 49

do do do 19, Bonanza 170 71

do do do 20, Buffalo 6 75

Total \$17,482 41

D. B. BOYD, County Treasurer

COUNTY AUDITOR'S REPORT

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, WASHOE COUNTY, RENO, NEVADA, July 2, 1894

To the Board of Commissioners of Washoe County, Nevada:

In accordance with law I submit my statement of the financial condition of Washoe county for the quarter ending June 30, 1894.

Cash in Treasury March 31, 1894 \$32,861 89

RECEIPTS.

Fees from county officers \$1,495 49

County license 651 00

County license 1,042 15

Town license 15 00

Dog license 11 65

Personal property coll. Assessor 861 31



Better Than Pills

Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

The King of Liver Medicines.

"I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator and can honestly say it is the king of all liver medicines. I consider it a medicine that is itself—GEO. W. JACKSON, Tacoma, Washington."

—EVERY PACKAGE—

has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

F. M. SCHADLER,

ARCHITECT.

Corner Bell and Front Streets, Reno, Nev.

Plans and estimates furnished for buildings, bridges, etc.

CHARLES E. CLOUGH,

BUILDER, ARCHITECT,

AND CONTRACTOR.

RENO, NEVADA.

Plans for buildings and estimates of cost furnished. Contracts taken for any size or style building.

Orders left at A. Nelson's cigar store will receive prompt attention. mar 1894

ANDREW PATTERSON,

BUILDER, ARCHITECT

AND CONTRACTOR.

RENO, NEVADA.

Plans for buildings and estimates of cost furnished. Contracts taken for any size or style building.

Orders left at A. Nelson's cigar store will receive prompt attention. j3094

M. J. CURTIS,

ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,

RENO, NEVADA.

Plans Furnished and Estimates Given.

Residence and place of business—Corner of First and Stevenson streets, Reno, Nev. Jan 1894

G. E. HOLESWORTH,

ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,

RENO, NEVADA.

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894.

THE ARBITRATION ACT.

The full text of the act of October 1, 1888, providing for the settlement of controversies between railroad companies and their employees is printed in the JOURNAL. It provides that whenever differences arise between railroad or other transportation companies and their employees, which may hinder or obstruct such transportation, if, upon the written proposition of either party to the controversy to submit their differences to arbitration, the other party shall accept, each shall select and appoint one person, and the two thus selected shall select a third, all of whom shall be citizens of the United States and wholly impartial and disinterested, and the three persons so selected shall constitute a Board of Arbitration, with the duties, powers and privileges set forth in the act.

The act further provides that the President may select two Commissioners, one of whom at least shall be a resident of the State or Territory in which the controversy arises, who, with the Commissioner of Labor, shall constitute a temporary commission for the purpose of examining the causes of the controversy, the conditions accompanying, and the best means of adjusting it. The services of the Commission may be tendered by the President for the purpose of settling a controversy either upon his own motion, or upon the application of one of the parties to the controversy, or upon the application of the Executive of a State.

The Commission, whether appointed by the disputants or by the President, has the power of a court of justice, and may summon witnesses, and its decision is to be made public.

Though subsequent legislation appropriated money to carry out the provisions of the act, it has been a dead letter on the statutes. Neither party to the controversies which have arisen between transportation companies and their employees have availed themselves of the opportunity which it affords to settle the differences by arbitration. The President, instead of appointing a Commission, as the law authorizes him to do, to examine the cause of the controversy and ascertain the best means of adjusting it, orders Federal troops to the scene of the controversy, without being asked to do so. The Governor of no State in which a difference exists between transportation companies and employees has applied to the President to appoint a Commission, and neither of the parties to the controversy has asked to have it done.

Surely, in this enlightened age and under a government of, by and for the people, every possible method of settling differences between transportation companies and their employees peaceably should be tried before resorting to the torch and arms. It seems as if those whose duty it is to know what laws are enacted are to blame for not endeavoring to effect a settlement of the present difficulties in the manner prescribed by the Arbitration act.

CONDEMNES THE OUTRAGE.

A train left Sacramento for San Francisco. It carried besides the trainmen a number of United States soldiers. The trainmen went of their own volition; the soldiers because they were ordered. A few miles from Sacramento the train was wrecked, the rails having spread so the engine was derailed. The engineer and four soldiers who were riding on the engine were killed. Knox, the leader of the strikers at Sacramento, declares in behalf of the American Railway Union that the order had not the remotest connection with the disaster. He says the union condemns the act as outrageous and barbarous and entirely contrary to the spirit of the organization, which he says is engaged in an honorable struggle in the interest of labor and opposed to violence or the sacrifice of human life. If the act was perpetrated by sympathizers, he says the union regrets it as it is calculated to injure rather than help the strikers.

This from the leaders of the strikers ought to have a good effect. They cannot expect to win, especially when life is destroyed. To merit the respect and sympathy of the public the strikers must keep within the law. If they resort to force they will be met by force and the whole power of the Government will be used to crush them. They must rely on organization and their ability to dissuade by reason, not to prevent by force, others from taking their places. Order must prevail in the end, and persons who wantonly destroy life and property must abide the consequences. As heretofore stated every act of violence committed on railroads is sure to be attributed to the strikers and it is therefore a duty which they owe to themselves to use every means in their power to prevent the destruction of railroad property.

A Chicago dispatch states that the strike leaders have requested the employees of the Pullman Company to appeal to Debs to call off the boycott on the ground of the great damage to the country, and that the Pullman employees have consented to do so. If this report is confirmed, it will end the big strike.

EARTHQUAKES in Turkey are destroying many lives and much property. A tidal wave did great damage at points on the coast.

The bill for the admission of Utah goes to the President.

THE PRESIDENT SCORED

At a Monster Meeting Held in New York City.

A SKIRMISH AT OAKLAND.

Congress Asked to Foreclose the Mortgages on Pacific Railroads.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—Since yesterday's horrid work west of Sacramento the strike situation in California has been less alarming. In Oakland there has been rioting of more or less serious nature since early this morning. Trouble began at daybreak when a mob of several hundred strikers rushed into the yards on the Mole. They killed all the locomotives that had been fired up and in order to further block the tracks derailed one locomotive and a long line of coaches. Later in the morning another crowd of strikers ran into the yards and wrecked the turntable by throwing a heavy freight car into the pit. Damage was also done at the roundhouse. The railroad companies deputy Sheriffs and deputy U. S. Marshals offered very little resistance to the riotous strikers. Trouble on the Mole came to an end this evening when a force of 330 U. S. marines from Mare Island were landed there by the ferry steamer Alameda which transported them from the navy yard. This force of marines is under the command of Lieutenant Commander William H. Reeder, executive officer of the cruiser Charleston and is drawn from the crews of the Charleston, Monterey, Thetis and Independence. Their equipment includes five gatling guns and several Hotchkiss cannon. Marines are to act under the direction of General Ruger and will be supported by a company of artillery from the Presidio. Tomorrow under shelter of the fighting blue-jackets the railroad officials hope to resume traffic into and out of Oakland.

At Sacramento conditions of martial law prevail. No trains are running there, however, and General Superintendent Fillmore stated this afternoon that no regular trains would be run before Saturday, by which time he hopes to have repaved the track west of Sacramento.

Wrecking crews are at work at the trestle. At a late hour this afternoon the wreckers had not recovered the bodies of Engineer Clark and the three soldiers which lie in the water beneath the wreck.

People at Sacramento are practically living under military government.

Col Graham has thrown a cordon of troops around the railroad property and the citizens are not allowed through the lines.

Along the railroad in the vicinity of yesterday's disaster cavalrymen and squads of infantry are scouring the tules and underbrush. Several suspicious characters were found in hiding, and these have been arrested and put in the military guard-house at Sacramento.

This morning it was reported that the strikers were preparing to demolish the railroad bridge across the American river. A train bearing fifty regulars was hastily dispatched. To avoid a disaster like yesterday's two freight cars were pushed ahead of the locomotive. At 10 o'clock this afternoon the regulars returned with six prisoners. The men had been found on the bridge. Though they were not strikers they were thrown into the guard-house.

During the day several citizens were arrested. One was a striker who grossly insulted a private on picket duty. Another was a striker who forced his way through picket lines. Other citizens were arrested for trivial offenses against military law as laid down by Federal and State commanders.

Militiamen on guard at the water front had several skirmishes with civilians.

Spurred on by heavy rewards offered for the apprehension of the men responsible for yesterday's disaster at the trestle, the peace officers at Sacramento are unusually active. The railroad company has offered a reward of \$5,000. Attorney General Olney has

offered \$2,000 and Governor Markham has offered a reward of \$500.

The Sheriff's men are confident that they have evidence to convict one of the men now in custody, a striker named Worden. A boy has been found who drove Worden and seven other men to the bridge where the train was wrecked. The boy declares that these men carried wrenches and a crowbar and that they were heavily armed. He says when the men left his wagon before walking to the trestle they shut him in a boxcar on the sidetrack and warned him to stay there until they returned.

It was not until the lad returned to the scene after the wreck that he realized what had been done. He positively identifies Worden. Other arrests will be made.

Trains are running freely out of San Francisco on the coast division.

In Southern California the blockade is broken, though very few trains are run there without military guard.

WEST OAKLAND, July 12.—Rioting in Oakland; assault on yards just repulsed. No bloodshed.

The Southern Pacific Company raised the blockade to-night without the aid of the sailors from Mare Island who remained on the mole, but took no part in the proceedings. The main track and yards are now clear of all obstructions. To-morrow the trains, guarded by troops, will be run out.

Charles Hall, one of the most prominent leaders of the strike here, was arrested to-night during the fight with the police. He is charged with inciting a riot and was refused bail. The mob lost heart after this and the work of clearing the tracks and yard of obstructions continued without interruption.

The first conflict in Oakland between the strikers and police occurred about six o'clock this evening and the strikers were worsted. Master Mechanic McKenzie started to clear the track when 300 strikers attacked the engine but the force of deputy sheriffs kept them away. About 100 of them rushed to the railroad yards, where they encountered Captain Wilson and twenty police. There was some fierce fighting during which the strikers were knocked right and left by clubs in the hands of officers. The mob finally dispersed but trouble is feared later.

NAPA, July 12.—Battery B, Second Regiment N. G. C., left for San Francisco to-night. They expect to go to the Presidio to act as a guard during the absence of the Federal troops.

LOS ANGELES, July 12.—The strikers admit that the blockade is broken here.

Freight and passenger trains, under guard of troops, are running all over Southern California, almost as before the strike. At noon the Southern Pacific dispatched a passenger train with Pullmans for San Francisco. A guard of regular troops will go through to Oakland. This is the first train sent north in twelve days.

OAKLAND, July 12.—Batteries A, C, E and F, fifth regiment, N. G. C., have been ordered out, they were given one day's rations and are camped to-night on the Piedmont baseball grounds.

It is not expected that anything will come of the general urging of the impeachment of Attorney General Olney.

ALAMEDA, July 12.—Alameda locals are running without trouble from the strikers. Five hundred special policemen are at the mole.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Secretary and Treasurer Hayes of the K. of L. has issued a statement that President Cleveland has decided to appoint an arbitration committee under the O'Neil act of 1889.

It is officially stated at the White House that the President has promised to appoint an arbitration commission as soon as the disturbance in Chicago subsided so far as the strikers are responsible for them and the peace restored.

CHICAGO, July 12.—At noon to-day union machinists joined in a general sympathetic strike which was inaugurated yesterday. As is usual in such cases the strike effects large shops far more than smaller ones.

The following telegram was sent to President Cleveland this afternoon by the American Federation of Labor:

"The gravity of the labor situation of the country demands extraordinary and exceptional action of a conciliatory character at the hands of all men, and recognizing this fact the executive board of the American Federation of Labor and the undersigned executive officers of the National and International Trades Union and Brotherhood of Railway organizations of America are in conference in this city.

"We ask you, in the name of the working people and the entire citizen-

ship of our country, to lend your influence and give us your aid so that the present industrial crisis may be brought to an end, alike to the advantage of the people of our country and the institutions under which we live. We, therefore, ask you to come to Chicago and meet this conference, or, if the state of public business does not warrant such a course, that you will deputize some one as your representative."

It was rumored at the stock yards this morning that the packing house employees would strike at 10 A. M. Consequently very little business was done. Receipts were 6,000 cattle, 8,000 hogs and 5,000 sheep.

Three hundred expert butchers employed by Armour, Swift & Morris struck to-day. Their strike will interfere with work at the packing houses. A crowd gathered around the Morris building and threatened violence to the new men. The police and militia prevented trouble.

Two hundred bakers in Heissler & Junver's shop struck this morning. The managers of the Western Union, Postal and North American telegraph companies have been subpoenaed in Chicago, Milwaukee and various other cities to appear and produce the telegraph correspondence of President Debs and others connected with the Pullman boycott.

The Federation Executive Committee convened at 11 o'clock. Delegates of the National Labor Organization are said to represent about 600,000 men. President Gompers presided. The strike from its inception was fully investigated. It was generally believed that no decision as to the action of the Federation of Labor would be reached before to-morrow. Neither Debs nor Sovereign was present, although it was announced that Debs would be called before the conference closed. It was apparent that the Knights of Labor were not looked upon with favor.

The strike spread during this morning to about 800 meat cutters, roasts and general laborers. The packers said the strike would amount to only temporary inconvenience. Guards surround all packing houses. Strikers and deputies had a conflict this afternoon at Eighteenth and Morgan streets on the Pan-Handle. Two deputies are reported killed.

At 3:30 it is reported that the killing of the two deputies is not confirmed.

NEW YORK, July 12.—A monster labor demonstration was held to-night in the Cooper Union Hall to express sympathy with the strikers in Chicago and in the west. There was an extraordinary gathering of people. The hall was crowded to excess and three thousand people surrounded the building unable to enter. The meeting was vehement in the manner in which it expressed its convictions. President Cleveland's name was received with a storm of hisses and hooting. Henry George, the star speaker of the evening, bitterly denounced the use of Federal troops to put down the strikers and said he would rather see all railroad property in the country burned up and the rails torn up than to see property preserved by the force of arms. George condemned Cleveland in a lengthy speech. Every mention of the President's name was received with hisses. Shouts of "hang him," "impeach him," and similar suggestions from the audience were made.

Speeches were also made by Frank K. Foster of Boston and Father Thomas E. Ducey. Resolutions were adopted condemning the Federal Judiciary for alleged perversion of its functions in granting orders on untrue allegations, also condemning the Administration and Government as in the interest of corporations and conspiring against the liberty and civil rights of its citizens. Sympathy was extended to the California people, and Congress was asked to foreclose the nation's mortgages on the Pacific railroads.

A Train Coming West. CARLIN, July 12.—12:30 A. M.—A train with United States troops aboard arrived at Carlin last evening, and the town is under military control.

East of Carlin two bridges were destroyed, which detained the train until they were repaired. It is said that tramps destroyed the bridges and officers are in pursuit.

The train is proceeding very slowly, and it was decided to hold it at Carlin until this morning, when it will proceed by daylight. The intention is to take up the mail train now lying at Winnemucca and escort it through to San Francisco. The train may be expected through Reno some time to night.

Two Italians that were watching the bridge across the Humboldt near Palisade were driven from their post by

armed and masked men, how many could not be ascertained. The section gang took a hand car and proceeded to the bridge to reconnoiter and were fired upon from ambush, a number of shots were fired, and they returned to Palisade about 9:30. At 11:30 the section gang again started for Carlin, and expected to meet a detail from the regulars about half way.

Col. Pollock of Camp Douglass is in command of the troops and would not allow the train to proceed, only as track and bridges are inspected.

WADSWORTH STRIKERS.

They go into the Round House and Disable all the Engines.

Special to the JOURNAL. WADSWORTH, July 12.—4 A. M.—There is some uneasiness felt here in anticipation of the train load of troops to arrive from Carlin to-day. The A. R. U. boys held a big meeting last night and expressed their determination to keep within the confines of the law.

There were movements during the night by parties who could not be identified that led many to believe that something mysterious was going on. It was thought that the movements were confined to an element that could not be controlled. Men were seen with different kinds of masks, and carrying torches, in the neighborhood of the round house. It was estimated that there were twenty-five in the party. They captured the two watchmen and took them back of the roundhouse and detained them there, until other members of the party took the stem valves off all the engines and hid them. Apparently no other damage was done. The mob dispersed about daylight.

A hand-car left Wadsworth about 1:30 this morning bound west. Who composed the crew or the mission they were on is unknown to the railroad officials.

Prendergast Will Hang

CHICAGO, July 12.—Patrick Eugene Prendergast, Mayor Harrison's assassin, will be hanged to-morrow. The scaffold was erected this evening.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a Cough, Cold or any Lung, Throat or Chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at S. J. Hodgkinson's drug store. Large size 50c and \$1.

A Leader.

Since its introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of the Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Price only 50c per bottle. Sold by S. J. Hodgkinson.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children she gave them Castoria.

BORN.

GOULD—In Reno, July 12, 1894, to the wife of W. H. Gould, a son.

DIED.

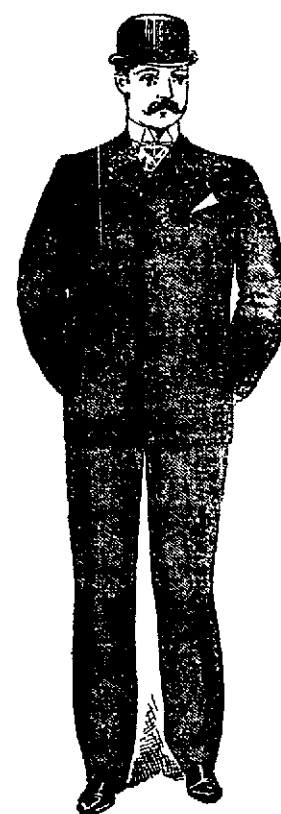
MORRELLO—At Brown's Station, July 11, 1894, G. B. Morrello, a native of Italy, aged 34 years.

A Gentleman

Who formerly resided in Connecticut, but who now resides in Honolulu, writes: "For 20 years past, my wife and I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor, and we attribute to it the dark hair which she and I now have, while hundreds of our acquaintances, ten or a dozen years younger than we, are either gray-headed, white, or bald. When asked how our hair has retained its color and fullness, we reply, 'By the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor—nothing else.'"

"In 1868, my affianced was nearly bald, and the hair kept falling out every day. I induced her to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and very soon it not only checked any further loss of hair, but produced an entirely new growth, which has remained luxuriant and glossy to this day. I can recommend this preparation to all in need of a genuine hair-restorer. It is all that it is claimed to be."—Antonio Almaraz, Bastrop, Tex.

AYER'S
HAIR VIGOR



BARGAINS!

In order to make room for my

Spring and Summer Goods,

WHICH ARE NOW ARRIVING,

I propose to sell all goods remaining over from my Winter's Stock at a discount of 20 per cent, which will bring

SUITS VERY LOW!

I Will Sell

Men's Suits, ... from \$5.00 to \$10.00

Youth's Suits, 12 to 16 yrs., from \$4.00 to \$8.00

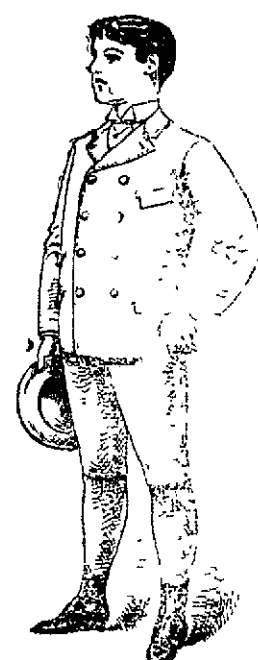
Youth's Suits, 16 to 19 yrs., from \$5.00 to \$8.00

Men's Underwear, per Srit, from .75 to \$1.50

All goods of whatever kind will be sold at the same rate of discount.

In order to be convinced that the goods are good and very cheap, you will please call and examine for yourself,

JOHN SUNDERLAND.



Take Your Prescriptions and Drug Wants Generally to

Pinniger's Drug Store

CORNER VIRGINIA STREET AND COMMERCIAL ROW.

Competent Pharmacists,

Polite and Prompt Attention,

Lowest Possible Prices,

First Quality Only.

PURE SODA WATER ON DRAUGHT

With Genuine Fruit Syrups. No Poisonous Artificial Flavors.

AM HERE TO STAY;
NO RENT TO PAY.TAKE THIS ADVANTAGE,
AND MAKE PERCENTAGE.

NATHAN'S THE PIONEER CLOTHIER,

New Goods,
New Styles

SPRING AND SUMMER

CLOTHING

The Latest, Cheapest and Best

Hats, Caps, and Furnishing Goods.

VIRGINIA STREET, RENO, NEVADA

Leading Boot and Shoemaker of Reno!

—DEALER IN—

BOOTS and SHOES

The Cheapest House in Town.

ALL WORK DONE IN A WORKMANLIKE MANNER.

H. F. PAVOLA.

East Side Virginia Street, Opposite Bank of Nevada, Reno Nevada

THE
NEVADA CASH STORE

Has Reopened With a Full Line of

Dress and Fancy Goods

Carpets and Linoleums.

S. EMRICH, Proprietor.

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL.
FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.
Delivered by Carrier.

FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1904.

TIME TABLES.

Time of Arrival and Departure of
Trains at Reno.

ARRIVES	TRAIN	DEPARTS
9:25 p. m.	No. 1, Eastbound Express	9:35 p. m.
9:15 a. m.	No. 3, Eastbound fast mail	9:30 a. m.
4:15 p. m.	No. 2, Westbound Express	4:30 p. m.
8:15 p. m.	No. 4, Westbound fast mail	8:30 p. m.
8:05 p. m.	No. 1, Virginia Express	8:15 p. m.
8:05 p. m.	No. 2, San Fran. Express	8:15 p. m.
11:40 a. m.	No. 3, Local Passenger	1:15 p. m.
11:40 a. m.	No. 1, Local Passenger	1:15 p. m.
4:15 p. m.	Express and Freight	8:30 a. m.

Time of Arrival and Departure of
Mails at Reno.

MAIL	ARRIVES	CLOSES
San Francisco, Sacramento and points in California and Oregon	3:45 a. m.	4:00 p. m.
Ogden, all Eastern points, Carson, Virginia and all Southern points	8:05 p. m.	9:00 a. m.
Susana and all points north	4:15 p. m.	8:00 a. m.

Buffalo Meadows and Shoshone mail arrives every Thursday at 4:15 p. m. and closes every Friday at 5:00 a. m.

V. & T. locked pouch from Virginia and Carson arrives at 11:45 a. m.; mail for same closes at 1:30 p. m.

Postoffice Hours:

From 9:00 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays from 9 to 10 a. m.

BREVITIES.

Nate Roff has a suite of furnished housekeeping rooms to rent.

A dinner will be served at the M. E. Church this evening to which all are invited.

Garden hose, lawn mowers, paints and oils at lowest prices at Lange & Schmidt's.

A bright, blooming complexion comes of the good blood made by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Seven large bars of bullion from Virginia arrived at the Carson Mint Wednesday.

The Tribune learns that over sixty tons of freight is on the way to Carson over the Placerville road.

For jaundice and liver complaint, Ayer's Pills are better than any other. They do not contain a particle of calomel.

Virgil, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. S. Summerfield was considered a little biter last evening, but he is still very low.

H. J. Thies started a four horse team for Boca yesterday for a load of the celebrated Pabst beer. It is expected to arrive in Reno to-day.

If you want a good fitting pair of boots or shoes—no scab work from strangers—go to H. F. Pavola, who is reliable and no stranger.

The largest assortment of heating stoves, parlor stoves, cook stoves and ranges, crockery and lamps at panic prices at Lange & Schmidt's.

A person is prematurely old when baldness occurs before the forty-fifth year. Use Hall's Hair Renewer to keep the scalp healthy and prevent baldness.

The young ladies of the Congregational Church served an excellent dinner yesterday and proved that they understand the culinary art as well as their mothers.

The Appeal says Congressman Newlands has acknowledged the receipt of the resolutions adopted at the A. R. U. meeting at Carson, and says he will confer with our Senators on the subject.

Subscriptions are being taken in Modoc county, California, for the extension of the N.-C.-O. from Amedee northward a distance of at least sixty miles on the most practicable line to Alturas.

J. W. Brandon, just up from Churchill county, reports crops in fine condition. He says there is one orchard on Old River that is literally loaded with fruit and there will be a fair apple crop.

C. E. Skinner, the popular photographer near the iron bridge, is doing exceptionally fine work. Now is the time to have your picture taken, while the opportunity offers. If you should neglect this chance or delay it you might regret it all your life.

Harry Martin, Edwin and Fred Stadtmuller have started on a bicycling trip around Lake Tahoe. They go by the way of Carson and will return by the way of Truckee. They will take in the several points of interest on the lake and are out for pasture only, and will not endeavor to break any record.

Nathan is still on top, and notwithstanding the tie-up he can suit anyone wishing anything in his line. He is selling suits, gent's furnishing goods, hats, boots and shoes at such prices that there is no excuse for anyone to go poorly dressed. Call upon him and get his prices.

Those who have been cured by Viavi can do much good by telling their neighbors and friends it is grand to relieve suffering. Viavi is to the nerves and tissues of the body what bread and meat is to the stomach. Get a health book free at the Viavi Co.'s on Fourth street.

Mrs. B. E. HUNTER.

Notice.

Dr. Patterson's residence is the brick building on the northeast corner of Sierra and Fifth streets, two blocks north of Opera House.

BOARDS OF ARBITRATION

An Act Providing for the Settlement of
Controversies Between Railroad Corporations and Their Employees.

Chapter 1083.—An act to create Boards of Arbitration or commission for settling controversies between railroad corporations and other common carriers engaged in inter-State and Territorial transportation of property or passengers and their employees.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever differences or controversies arise between railroads or other transportation companies engaged in the transportation of property or passengers between two or more States of the United States, between a Territory and State, within the Territories of the United States, or within the District of Columbia and the employees of said railroad companies, which differences or controversies may hinder, impede, obstruct, interrupt or effect such transportation of property or passengers, if, upon the written proposition of either party to the controversy to submit their differences to arbitration, the other party shall accept the proposition, then and in such event the railroad company is hereby authorized to select and appoint one person, and such employee or employees, as the case may be, to select and appoint another person, and the two persons selected and appointed to select a third person, all three of whom shall be citizens of the United States and wholly impartial and disinterested in respect to such differences or controversies; and the three persons thus selected and appointed shall be, and they are hereby created and constituted a Board of Arbitration, with the duties, powers and privileges hereinafter set forth.

Section 2. That the Board of Arbitration provided for in the first section of this act shall possess all the powers and authority in respect to administering oaths, subpoenaing witnesses and compelling their attendance, preserving order during the sittings of the Board and requiring the production of papers and writings relating alone to the subject under investigation now possessed and belonging to United States Commissioners appointed by the circuit court of the United States; but in no case shall any witness be compelled to disclose the secrets or produce the records or proceedings of any labor organization or which he may be an officer or member; and said Board of Arbitration may appoint a clerk and employ a stenographer and prescribe all reasonable rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of the act, looking to the speedy advancement of the differences and controversies submitted to them to a conclusion and determination. Each of said arbitrators shall take an oath to honestly, fairly and faithfully perform his duties, and that he is not personally interested in the subject matter in controversy, which oath may be administered by any State or Territorial officer authorized to administer oaths. The third person so selected and appointed as aforesaid shall be the president of said board; and any order, finding, conclusion or award made by a majority of such arbitrators shall be the same force and effect as if all three of such arbitrators concurred therein or quitted in making the same.

Section 3. That it shall be the duty of said Board of Arbitration, immediately upon their selection, to organize at the nearest practical point to the place of the origin of the difficulty or controversy, and to hear and determine the matters of difference which may be submitted to them in writing by all the parties, giving them full opportunity to be heard on oath, in person and by witnesses, and also granting them the right to be represented by counsel; and after concluding its investigation said board shall publicly announce its decision, which, with the findings of fact upon which it is based, shall be reduced to writing and signed by the arbitrators concurring therein, and together with the testimony taken in the case, shall be filed with the Commissioner of Labor of the United States, who shall make such decision public as soon as the same shall have been received by him.

Section 4. That it shall be the right of any employee engaged in the controversy, to appoint, by designation in writing, one or more persons to act for them in the selection of an arbitrator to represent them upon the board of arbitration.

Section 5. That each member of said tribunal of arbitration shall receive a compensation of ten dollars a day for the time actually employed. That the clerk appointed by said tribunal of arbitration shall receive the same fees and compensation as clerks of United States Circuit and District Courts receive for like services. That the stenographer shall receive as full compensation for his services ten cents for each folio of an hundred words of testimony taken and reduced to writing before said arbitrators. That United States Marshals or other persons serving the process of said tribunal of arbitration shall receive the same fees and compensation for such services as they would receive for like services upon process issued by United States Commissioners. That witnesses attending before said tribunal of arbitration shall receive the same fees as witnesses attending before United States Commissioners. That all of said fees and compensation shall be payable by the United States in like manner as fees and compensation are payable in criminal causes under existing laws.

Provided, That the said tribunal of

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

arbitration shall have power to limit the number of witnesses in each case where fees shall be paid by the United States. And provided further, that the fees and compensation of the arbitrators, clerks, stenographers, marshal and others for service of process, and witnesses under this act shall be examined and certified by the United States District Judge of the district in which the arbitration is held before they are presented to the accounting officers of the Treasury Department for settlement, and shall then be subject to the provisions of section eight hundred and forty-six of the Revised Statutes of the United States; and a sufficient sum of money to pay all expenses under this act and to carry the same into effect is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. And provided likewise not more than five thousand dollars shall be expended in defraying the costs of any single investigation by the commissioner hereinafter provided for.

Section 6. That the President may select two commissioners, one of whom at least shall be a resident of the State or Territory in which the controversy arises, who, together with the Commissioner of Labor, shall constitute a temporary commission for the purpose of examining the cause of the controversy, the conditions accompanying, and the best means for adjusting it; the result of which examination shall be immediately reported to the President and Congress, and on rendering such report the services of the two commissioners shall cease. The services of the commission, to be ordered at the time by the President and constituted as herein provided, may be tendered by the President for the purpose of settling a controversy such as contemplated, either upon his own motion, or upon the application of one of the parties to the controversy, or upon the application of the executive of a State.

Section 7. That the Commissioners provided in the preceding section shall be entitled to receive \$10 each per day for each day's service rendered, and the expenses absolutely incurred in the performance of their duties; and the expenses of the Commissioner of Labor, acting as one of the commission, shall also be reimbursed to him. Such compensation and expenses shall be paid by the Treasurer of the United States, on proper vouchers, certified to by the Commissioner of Labor and approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

Section 8. That upon the direction of the President, as hereinbefore provided, the commission shall visit the locality of the pending dispute, and shall have all the power and authority given in Section 2, to a Board of Arbitration, and shall make careful inquiry into the cause thereof, hear all persons interested therein who may come before it, advise the respective parties what, if anything ought to be done or submitted to by either or both to adjust such dispute, and make a written decision thereon. This decision shall at once be made public, shall be recorded upon proper books of record to be kept in the office of the Commissioner of Labor, who shall cause a copy thereof to be filed with the Secretary of the State or Territory, or States or Territories, in which the controversy exists.

Section 9. That in each case the Commissioners who may select as provided shall, before entering upon their duties, be sworn to the faithful discharge thereof. The Commissioner of Labor shall be Chairman ex-officio of the commission, and may appoint one or more clerks or stenographers to act in each controversy only, which clerks or stenographers shall be compensated at a rate not exceeding \$6 per day each, and actual expenses incurred shall be reimbursed.

Section 10. The Commissioner of Labor shall, as soon as possible after the passage of this act, establish such rules of procedure as shall be approved by the President; but the commission shall permit each party to a controversy to appear in person or by counsel, and to examine and cross-examine witnesses. All its proceedings shall be transacted in public, except when in consultation for the purpose of deciding upon the evidence and arguments laid before it. The chairman of the commission is hereby authorized to administer oaths to witnesses in all investigations conducted by the commission, and such witnesses shall be subpoenaed in the same manner as witnesses are subpoenaed to appear before United States courts and commissioners, and they shall each receive the same fees as witnesses attending before United States Commissioners; provided, That said temporary Board of Commissioners shall have power to limit the number of witnesses in each case where fees shall be paid by the United States.

Section 11. All fees, expenses, and compensation of this commission shall be paid as hereinbefore provided in section five of this act.

Approved October 1, 1883.

For rough or chapped skin use Mystic Balm 25 cents. Price's, Virginia street.

THE JAIL STRIKE A SUCCESS.

Bert Gafford and Diamond Joe Take French Leave.

Last night about half past six o'clock some one at the rear of the Court-house rushed into the Sheriff's office and notified Under Sheriff Caughlin that some of the prisoners were getting away. He immediately took in the situation and gave the alarm. Upon going into the jail it was discovered that out of the seven prisoners confined, two had escaped, viz: Bert Gafford, one of the assailants of Seth Taylor, and Diamond Joe, who was serving a term for malicious mischief. It was found that the prisoners had worked a hole through the wall, at the side or brick jam of the window. This is covered with boiler iron, but it appears that a small square of about eighteen inches of the plate had, through some carelessness of the contractor, been left unriveted. This square could be slipped back and forward, exposing the brick. The prisoners took advantage of this and in order to conceal their work would slip the plate back in place. They removed brick enough on the inside to make a hole 10x18 inches, which grew larger as they worked toward the outside of the wall.

It is thought they had been at work several days, using the sliding piece of iron to cover up the hole as they proceeded. The officers started in different directions immediately after the birds had flown, and dispatches were sent to neighboring towns describing the individuals. It is probable that they will be retaken in a short time. The prisoners had been served with supper, and the escape was made just prior to the locking up hour.

Gafford, in his confession of the Seth Taylor scrape, had promised that if he got out of that job all right he intended to lead a better life and try to make an honest living. He has opened out well and his actions last night will not help his case materially. The remaining prisoners did not seem to have any disposition to leave, doubtless having an antipathy to walking out of town, which, under the present condition of affairs, they would be compelled to do.

PETITION FILED.

Asking for the Sale of the Park Block in the Pawning Addition.

A petition was filed with the County Clerk yesterday to be acted upon by the Board of County Commissioners at its next meeting. The petition asks that the Board take such action as is proper looking to the sale of the park block in the Pawning Addition and that the proceeds of said sale be placed in the proper public fund of the town of Reno; provided that no offer of less than one-half of its original cost be accepted. The petitioner urges that the funds invested in the purchase can be utilized more advantageously for the benefit of the town.

QUO-WARRANTO PROCEEDINGS.

Action Brought to Oust a School Trustee.

Quo-warranto proceedings have been brought against H. B. Rule by the County Superintendent of Schools, alleging that Rule has intruded into and usurped the office of School Trustee of Reno School District No. 10, and has excluded Wm. Webster, the Superintendent's appointee, from that office. He asks that a judgment of ouster be entered against Rule.

Officers Installed.

At a regular meeting of Reno Lodge, No. 19, Independent Order of Odd Fellows last night W. A. Fogg, D. D. G. M., assisted by the following P. G.'s: R. C. Leeper, J. Belz, R. V. Borden, J. H. Berger and W. W. Shaff, installed the officers-elect for the ensuing term as follows: G. W. Campbell, J. P. G.; A. D. Bird, N. G.; E. D. Smith, V. G.; G. D. McNeas, R. S.; J. M. Phillips, P. S.; D. McKay, Treas.; R. V. Borden, W. W. A. Fogg, Conductor; E. C. Leadbetter, I. G.; C. C. Jones, R. S. S.; W. L. Middour, L. S. S.; C. A. Swansbury, R. S. N. G.; R. J. Sanders, L. S. N. G.; J. E. Bray, R. S. V. G.; C. Gielaw, L. S. V. G.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

More Long Distance Bicyclists.

Ed Walsh of Carson and Jay Clemmons of Reno, two young men who have been taking a bicycling tour, arrived at Carson yesterday afternoon, and Mr. Clemmons came on here by the V. & T. last evening. The boys left the city Monday morning by boat and arrived at Sacramento from there they rode to Carson on their wheels, coming by the Placerville road. They had a pretty hot ride in the lower part of the country, but otherwise had a pleasant time.

Aid for the Strikers.

The Chronicle received a dispatch yesterday from Sacramento announcing that a donation of \$250 from the Silver City Miners' Union, to be used in aid of the needy strikers and their families, had been received there.

The Appeal says the sum of \$500 was raised in Virginia City to assist the A. R. U., and it is said that the Miners' Union will furnish \$1,000 if necessary.

Potato Social at M. E. Church.

There will be a potato social at the Methodist Church next Friday evening. Lunch and ice cream will be served after 5 o'clock. An interesting program will take place at 8 o'clock, after which all who desire will have lunch and ice cream free. Admission: a new potato and 25 cts.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by S. J. Hodgkinson.

Notice.

A meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee will be held at Carson City on Wednesday, July 25th, at 1 o'clock p. m. A full attendance is requested, as matters of importance will be brought before said meeting.

H. HARRIS, Chairman.

JOHN O'TOOLE, Secretary.

Notice.

Anyone having signs or business posters in the postoffice, if they wish to keep them, will call at the office immediately and take them away.

H. J. BERRY, P. M.

Our Baby Boy

Suffered Intensely From Impure Blood

Until Perfectly Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla



Harveyville, Kansas.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. 'Our little baby boy is now almost two years old. When he was about six weeks old there appeared a breaking out on his head and breast. We tried various salves and soaps, but it

Continued to grow worse. And we took him to a doctor. He said it was scurvy, but his treatment failed, and we called upon three other physicians, who termed it salt rheum or eczema. Even then he grew worse. A crust would gather on his head as thick as a quarter and puff up with corruption. Then it would come off, taking the hair with it. About three months ago we resolved to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Olive Ointment. To-day we are happy to say that Burton is now

Entirely Well.

The sores have all disappeared and his hair is growing nicely. He has only taken one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and used one box of

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Obstinate. We can now recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to others, and truthfully say it has worked wonders in our little boy's case. I have also been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for indigestion and liver trouble and am improving right along." DAVID A. KING, Harveyville, Kansas.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy to take. Sold by all druggists.

COMPARE THESE PRICES

WITH YOUR BILLS OR WHAT YOU HAVE PAID FOR THE SAME.

Strictly Cash Only.

1 qt. Mason fruit jars, per doz.	\$ 1.00
1 qt. fruit cans, per doz.	.85
Bar glasses, per doz.	.65
Hotel goblets, heavy, per doz.	1.00
Jelly glasses, large size, per doz.	.70
Hay forks, very best, 3 tine, each	.60
Buckeye sections, per doz.	.80
Buckeye knife heads, each	.35
Buckeye guards, each	.35
Philodipha lawn mowers, 12 in., each.	.60
Buckeye mowers, size 8 1/2 feet, each	.65
Standard mower, 12 ft. cut, each	.85
Hollingsworth rakes, 8 ft. each.	.25
Steel, header truck, 1 1/2 inch steel axle, each	.75

Not having any rent to pay or help, I have thrown the whole benefit of the above saving in favor of all goods in this line.

Pioneer Hardware and Stove Store.

J. J. QUINN.

No. 9, VIRGINIA-ST., RENO, NEVADA.

A. C. HELMOLD, Proprietor

Comfort of patrons the first consideration

HOT AND COLD BATHS AT ALL HOURS

"Cleanliness is next to Godliness."

PALACE DRY GOODS AND CARPET HOUSE

Dress

Goods

Offering!

We have a Beautiful line of Dress Patterns in our window, which we offer at

\$3.95

\$5.95,

\$7.95

A SUIT - -

With Linings For Them Free of Charge

The Palace Dry Goods House

FINE AND RELIABLE GOODS SOLD CHEAP.

COUNTRY ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION.

BANK OF NEVADA.

M. D. FOLEY, President

GEORGE RUSSELL, Vice President

R. S. OSBURN, Cashier

Daniel Meyer, of San Francisco; George Russell, of Elko; M. D. Foley

A. G. Fletcher, J. N. Evans, C. C. Powning,

and L. Abrahams, of Reno.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

The Bank of Nevada, Reno, with a capital of \$300,000, and liberal credit with bank and bankers, is better able than ever to transact a general banking business, and to accommodate the agricultural, stockraising and business interests of all customers and the patronage of the people is respectfully solicited.

The Bank will accept interest on time deposits at the rate of 4 per cent, per annum. No charge for exchange on Pacific Coast business will be made to patrons.

The Bank will buy and sell exchange on San Francisco, New York, London, and all the principal cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, China and Japan.

Special rates will be given for France, Germany, Italy and Switzerland.

Stocks and bonds bought and sold on commission. The Bank is also agent for leading American and European Fire Insurance Companies.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

Prices according to size, varying from \$3.00 to \$12.00 per annum.

ARCADE HOTEL and RESTAURANT.

Commercial Row, Near the Depot, Reno, Nevada.

First-Class Rooms at Low Prices

ACCOMMODATIONS SURPASSED BY NONE.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

Our Chicken Dinners Every Sunday for 25 Cents a Specialty.

Gentlemanly and Obliging Waiters. Special Pains Taken to Make Guests Comfortable. Call and be Convinced.

ANDREW FRANSSEN, Proprietor.

DIXON & BROTHER,

The Leading Butchers of Reno.

MEATS OF ALL KIND

At Wholesale and Retail.

Finest Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal and Sausages Constantly on Hand. Also Ham, Bacon and Dried Beef.

Fancy Meats of all kinds put up in the finest style of the art, and delivered to any part of the City free of charge.

GIVE US A CALL

MARKET—Corner Commercial Row and Sierra Street, Reno.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DENTISTRY.

D. J. G. LEONARD, DENTIST.

Office, Real Estate and Investment Co. new building, Virginia Street, east side, Reno, Nevada.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Extending out at all hours.

Residence North Virginia Street, west side, between 8th and 9th streets. apt 121.

C. D. VAN DUZER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW.

U. S. Land Attorney for Nevada.

Land and Mining Law a Specialty.

Patents, Pensions and Indian Claims.

Correspondence solicited.

Address: "The Woodmont," Iowa Circle, 462 1/2 ft.

DR. GEORGE FEE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention paid to diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat and fitting of glasses.

Office hours, 8:30 A. M. to 12 M., 1 to 2:30 and 7:30 P. M. Sundays, 9 A. M. to 1 P. M.

OFFICE—Room 7, First National Bank building. Residence—Wm. Plummer's, 101st.

DR. E. C. PHELPS.

DENTIST—OFFICE IN BANK OF NEVADA'S NEW BUILDING, RENO, NEV.

All operations in MODERN DENTISTRY skillfully executed at reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.

OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

DRS. W. A. and P. T. PHILLIPS.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

OFFICE—New Nevada Bank Building, Rooms 3 and 5.

DR. W. A. PHILLIPS—Office hours, 9 to 5 P. M. Residence, corner Front and Sierra streets.

DR. P. T. PHILLIPS—Office hours, 1 to 3 P. M. Special attention given to diseases of women. Residence on Third Street, between West and Chestnut.

We aim that one of us shall be at office all hours of the day.

BENJAMIN F. CURLER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

WASHOE COUNTY.

OFFICE AT COURTHOUSE.

WM. WEBSTER

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW

OFFICE—First National Bank Building, 4th floor.

T. K. STEWART.

SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.

UNITED STATES MINERAL DEPUTY.

OFFICE—Virginia Street, Reno, Nev. Jan 1

DR. H. R. HOGAN.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily office and residence on Center street, near First, Reno, Nevada. 101st

H. L. FISH,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER

Deeds and other papers drawn and knowledge taken at reasonable rates.

OFFICE—In First National Bank.

D. W. RULISON, D. D. S.

DENTIST.

OFFICE—Paving Building, Virginia St., Reno, Nevada.

ROBT. M. CLARKE,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW.

RENO OFFICE—Virginia street, in Power's new building.

CHAS. A. JONES,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW.

RENO, NEVADA au 8-11

H. B. MAXSON, C. E.

UNITED STATES DEPUTY MINERAL SURVEYOR FOR ARIZONA AND NEVADA.

OFFICE—Courthouse, Reno, Nev. my11

C. A. NORCROSS,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND TYPEWRITER.

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DENTISTRY.

DR. H. A. FREDRICK, formerly of Virginia City, graduated from the University of California, and is located in Reno, and can be found at his dental parlors.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,

ROOMS 13 AND 14.

Dr. Fredrick has a complete outfit of the latest improved instruments, and will guarantee to do nothing but the best of work.

DR. B. ROBINSON,

(Late of Virginia City.)

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Is also prepared to attend cases of the Eye, Ear and Throat, and the fitting of glasses. Rooms 4 and 5, Sunderland building, Virginia street, Reno, Nevada.

Office hours—9 to 11 A. M., 3 to 4 and 6 to 7 P. M.

Residence at William Plummer's, 101st

R. Dodge, W. N. Goodwin, S. Goodwin, Cal. J. N. Goodwin, Quincy, Cal.

GOODWIN & DODGE,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW.

RENO, NEVADA.

OFFICE—Bank of Nevada Building.

Practice in all Courts of Nevada and California.

THOS. E. HAYDON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office Powell's Building.

ROGER DRURY'S TREE.

Planted by the Boy, It Furnished the Boards to Make the Man's Coffin.

Fifty years ago Roger Drury of Washoe County, Ky., then 19 years old, planted the stone of a cherry tree. He had taken on the farm of his father. It took root and in a few years became a prolific tree and was known by the family as "Roger's plant." From year to year the lad collected and sold the product, invariably hoarding the money received, even after he had attained manhood, was married and had children of his own, who aided in the management of the farm bequeathed by his father.

Last summer, in his sixtieth year, Roger Drury's health declined and became seriously impaired, and at the same time the cherry tree manifested unmistakable evidences of decay, when the old man had it cut down and saved into boards, from which he had his coffin constructed, for utilization when the final summons came. Three weeks ago he was compelled to resort to his bed, when he sent for an undertaker and gave final directions for the coffin's trimmings, expiring shortly afterward. The funeral expenses were defrayed from the fund saved by the sale of the cherries of the tree planted in his boyhood time.—Henderson (Ky.) Correspondent.

Encores C. O. D. Only.

An Italian impresario has discovered a way out of the "encore" difficulty that is not open to the objections made by Mr. Hernandez Vezia's proposal that they should be forbidden by the public authorities. The impresario in question controls a small opera theater in Milan, and he has absolutely forbidden his singers to repeat any of their songs, but at the same time he has placed the following notice in the vestibule: "Those persons who wish for a repetition of any number from the opera, or of any part of the ballet dancing, are begged to hand in their names at the box office. At the end of the performance they will enjoy the encore, demanded on paying for their seats over again." Since this notice was first adopted no one has availed himself of the privilege thus granted, and the performances have not been interrupted by demands for encores.—London News.

Mr. Grogan (telling the story of the argument)—An I had to stand there looking at him, smiling in the best of good, and all the time I was so mad I was getting me teeth behind me back.—Indianapolis Journal.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SALE OF MORTGAGED PERSONAL PROPERTY.

NOTICE IS GIVEN HEREBY THAT the undersigned, will cause to be sold at public auction, on

Tuesday, the 17th day of July, 1894.

Between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 6 o'clock in the afternoon, beginning at 9 o'clock in the afternoon on said day, at Bull Ranch Meadows, on section 24, township 18, range 20 east, in the county of Washoe State, Nevada, about five thousand and five hundred head of stock sheep and cattle. Also, certain personal property, constituting a camp outfit and equipment, the property of John O'Brien. Said sale is made to satisfy three claims against said property, made by said John O'Brien, and to satisfy costs of sale. Said notes are the property of said Bank and are due and payable by said John O'Brien. Said property will be sold to the highest bidder for cash, and the proceeds of the sale of said property will be paid to the holder of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF RENO, NEVADA.

Dated July 6, 1894.

SOLE TRADER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Mrs. Louise Frey, wife of Joseph Frey, of Washoe County, Nevada, intends to, and will make application to the District Court of the State of Nevada, in and for Washoe County, on

Wednesday, the 1st day of August, 1894.

Or as soon thereafter as she can be heard, for an order of said court permitting her to carry on business in the county of Washoe, State of Nevada, under the name and name account, pursuant to the laws of the State of Nevada in said cases made and provided.

The nature and character of the business she intends to carry on is the business of real estate and personal property, stock raising and engaging in the business of farming in all its branches.

Dated Reno, Nevada, July 2, 1894.

O. EVANS, Clerk of Court.

BIDS WANTED.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Board of County Commissioners for the furnishing of board to the requirements of contract can be procured of the Clerk of the Board.

Bids must all be in August 7, 1894.

Address all bids to

O. EVANS, Clerk of Board.

MERCHANT TAILORING.

Having obtained the agency of one of the largest merchants in the East, and received a full line of samples of

AMERICAN AND IMPORTED GOODS

For Spring and Summer Suitings.

I am prepared to make to order, with a guarantee to fit all kinds of suits, money to be refunded in case of mist.

SUITS FROM \$15.00 UPWARD.

PANTS FROM \$4.50 UPWARD.

An inspection of the goods and a comparison of the prices, will at once convince every one that I can offer bargains in this line to be obtained on the coast.

JACOB COHN.

—THE CELEBRATED—

GENERAL ARTHUR CIGARS

—AT—

ALFRED * NELSON'S

The only licensed dealer in Reno for the sale of

CIGARETTES AND PAPERS.

—His Assortment of—

Gents' Underwear

Is large and well selected, and he challenges the competition of any house in this line.

RUSS HOUSE

J. SULLIVAN, - - - Proprietor.

THIS HOTEL IS WITHIN HALF A MILE from the center of the city, and is centrally located in the heart of the city, and is elegantly furnished throughout, with rooms to suit all purposes.

Finest of wines, liquors and cigars constantly in stock. Call and be convinced and you will come again.

my10

BALD HEADS!

What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed or brushed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms be warned in time or you will become bald.

Skookum Root Hair Grower

is what you need. Its production is not an accident, but the result of scientific research. Knowledge of the diseases of the hair and scalp led to the discovery of how to treat them. "Skookum" contains mineral salts and oils. It is not a dye, but a delightful cooling and refreshing tonic. By stimulating the follicles, it stops falling hair, cures dandruff and grows hair on bald spots.

Keep the scalp clean, healthy, and free from irritating eruptions by the use of Skookum Root Hair Grower. It destroys parasitic insects, which feed on the scalp, and keeps the scalp cool and healthy.

If your dealer cannot supply you send direct to us, and we will forward prepaid, on receipt of price. Grower, \$1.00 per bottle; 6 for \$5.00. Shippers, 6 for \$4.50.

THE SKOOKUM ROOT HAIR GROWER C.

57 South Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Nevada State Journal

PUBLISHED

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

All the Latest Telegraphic and Local News

FIFTY-CENT COLUMN.

Daily by mail, one year \$5.00
Daily by mail, six months 3.00
Daily by carrier, per week 15c
Weekly by mail, one year 2.00
Weekly by mail, six months 1.00

9-9-9 Liniment.

The celebrated W. N. 9-9-9 Liniment, the best in the world, for man or beast; recommended by all who use it; for sale at all drug stores. Take no other.

JOHN H. NICHOLS & GEORGE WADSWORTH, Nev.

New England Dinner

The Y. P. S. C. E. will give a New England dinner in the basement of the Congregational Church on Thursday, July 12th, from 4 to 7 P. M. Dinner, including ice cream, 25 cents. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Girl Wanted.

A girl is wanted to assist with general housework. A good home to be given. Inquire at the residence of B. F. Currier, on Walnut street, near Chestnut.

Situation Wanted.

A respectable woman wants a situation in town or country to do housework and cooking. Apply at this office.

Situation Wanted.

A young lady who understands cooking and housekeeping wishes a situation. Apply at this office.

TOILET ARTICLES

HODGKINSON'S

DRUG STORE,

VIRGINIA STREET.

NOTICE TO STOCKMEN.

I AM AT PRESENT AT FORT WORTH, Texas, but will be in

Winnemucca About April 1st

Ready to take

The Spaying Field.

GET YOUR CATTLE READY

I will do the work

The Best Testimonials as to My Ability Can be Given

Correspondence Address

J. G. HOLLOWAY, V. S., Winnemucca, Nev. mh37

RUHE & MIDDOUR,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

BEEF,

Mutton, Pork, Sausages, Veal, Etc

Meat delivered to all parts of the city. 3007-Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

WOOD FOR SALE,

Four-Foot Wood, \$5

PER CORD, DELIVERED.

J. E. AUKEN,

Leave order Marcus Fredrick's

FREAKS OF NATURE.

Some Curious Things That Amuse and Astonish Men of Science.

Nature's freaks of fancy afford a strange study. People are constantly sending to the National museum supposed fossil animals and other oddities which are in reality mere accidental forms carved by water. A pebble in a stream gathers about itself grains of sand until an odd shaped lump is made. A favorite shape for such lumps is that of a turtle with four legs, a head and tail, even the lines of the shell being sometimes distinct. Similar concretions of carbonate of iron and clay assume the appearance of petrified peanuts. Break one, and you will always find inside a small spiral wrinkle shell, which has served as the nucleus. A queer counterfeit of this kind, forwarded to Washington not long ago, was an alleged fossil foot of a child, with a little stocking on, the latter showing signs of wear on the ball of the foot and on the heel. It was only a concretion, as was likewise what appeared to be a petrified oyster on the shell.

One eminent scientist has been amusing himself of late by making imitation spider webs out of quartz fibers. It is well known that copper wire can be drawn to a fineness much less than the thickness of a hair—in fact, to the diameter of the one-thousandth part of an inch. But glass may be spun into a thread, while even the finest spun glass is not so fine as silk fiber. The latter, however, is coarse compared with the threads that can be obtained by melting quartz under a blowpipe and pulling it out. Such threads may be reduced to a thickness of one-millionth of an inch. Drawn to such fineness, they are invisible under a microscope of the highest power. Yet they are stronger in proportion to their thickness than the best quality of bar steel. Enough thread like this could be made from a single cubic inch of quartz to go around the world 655 times. A grain of sand barely large enough to be visible to the naked eye would yield 1,000 miles of thread.

Obviously no practical use can be made of threads so extremely fine. Comparatively coarse ones were woven into cobwebs by the scientist aforesaid. They would not catch flies because they were too slippery, having no glutinous threads, like real cobwebs. This difficulty was got over by moistening a straw in castor oil and gently stroking the threads with it; then the webs captured flies fairly well. But a cobweb is incomplete without a spider, so it occurred to the experimenter to attract an arachnid to his web by the buzzing of a fly. It was difficult to make a fly buzz to order, but a satisfactory imitation was produced by permitting a tuning fork to vibrate against the quartz fibers. The fly, attracted by the spider light away. The scientist also amused himself with blowing bubbles of quartz, which looked exactly like the most beautiful soap bubbles.

HOOD'S GUARANTEES

a cure. What it has done for others it will do for you. Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

P. L. FLAUGIN, PLAINTIFF, VS. WILLIAM H. CALLIGAN and JANE A. CALLIGAN, DEFENDANTS.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, issued out of the District Court of the State of Nevada, for Washoe County, on sixteenth day of July, A. D. 1894, in and to the effect that P. L. Flaugin, the above named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against Wm. H. Calligan and Jane A. Calligan, defendants, on the sum of \$1,000, with interest thereon, to wit: \$1,000, together with interest on \$5,650 thereof from January 12th, 1891, till paid at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, and \$300 attorneys fees, and accruing costs and interest, I am commanded to sell all the right, title and interest of the said defendants, William H. Calligan and Jane A. Calligan, in and to the following described real estate, lands, property and premises, situate, lying and being in the county of Washoe, State of Nevada, viz:

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